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CIVIL ENGINEERING
AND ARCHITECTURE**



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ДНІПРОПЕТРОВСЬК

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« » () [2].

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THE STABILITY OF HUMAN-MACHINE SYSTEMS

BOLSHAKOV V. I.¹, *Dr. Sc. (Tech.), Prof.*

DUBROV U. I.^{2*}, *Dr. Sc. (Tech.), Prof.*

¹ Department of Materials Science, State Higher Education Establishment "Pridneprovsk State Academy of Civil Engineering and Architecture", 24 , Chemishevskogo str., Dnipropetrovsk, 49600, Ukraine, tel. +38 (0562) 47-39-56, e-mail: bolshkov@mail.pgasa.dp.ua, ORCID ID: 0000-0003-0790-6473

^{2*} Department of Materials Science, State Higher Education Establishment "Pridneprovsk State Academy of Civil Engineering and Architecture", 24- , Chemishevskogo str., Dnipropetrovsk, 49600, Ukraine, tel. +38 (0562) 47-39-56, e-mail: mom@mail.pgasa.dp.ua, ORCID ID: 0000-0002-3213-4893

Summary. The objects for which the criterion selection clearly is dictated by their target areas are relatively rare because, the attempts to formalize the effectiveness of any action of the SS for example, are drown up in a list of requirements, as a rule, consisting of a set of private performance indicators (partial criteria). Problem which formulation can not be reflected in the achievement of any one criterion, are called multicriteria [4].

A typical problem is the problem of the quality assessing of the functioning of the SS, showing its multicriteriality. There is no such criterion in the real problem, solving all of requirements presented to SS. In practice such problems try to solve by the "folding" of many private criterion to single criterion, which used artifice, as a result some indicators are composed the single.

Based on the logic of the creation of the SS, we conclude that the main assessment of the operation, of the SS is its survival [5]. Based on medically accepted notion of survival, as the ability of organisms to survive under the impact of adverse factors this definition apply in view of the fact that the SS, creating of man, includes a mechanism as a rule which is created by its and the organism this mechanism controlling.

If fir organism survival is the average of the population probability of individual of every generation for define of time interval, but for mechanism for a lethal apparatus in the condition opponent opposition. So researchers should model the process for anthropomorphic SS, consisting on organism mechanism interaction. However it should be known that for SS, survival analysis is modeled by process of getting terminal evident for elements of any totality, representing living organisms only.

Use of present approach, allow to do chemical condition prognosis of wares and its mechanical properties of wares with a minimum of material and time-consuming in production condition.

Keywords: *anthropomorphic system, qualitative criteria, complex system, cast iron rolls, area of compromise.*

$$\{w_{i,r}^*(r=1,\dots,s)\} \\ 1.$$

[8]

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$$w_i(i=1,\dots,n),$$

[7].

$$w_{i,r}^*(r=1,\dots,s) \in w_i,$$

$$w_i(i=1,\dots,n) -$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \hline 1 \quad w_1 \\ w_{1,1}^* \quad w_{1,2}^* \quad \dots \quad w_2 \\ w_{2,1}^* \quad w_{2,2}^* \quad \dots \end{array}$$

2

(2,4÷3,85 % ;
 0,2÷1,8 % Si; 0,1÷0,9 % Mn; 0,05÷0,4 % P;
 0,05÷0,4 % S; 0,1÷0,8 % Cr; 0,2÷1,2% Ni).
 (. 1)



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(
 14-2-1188)
 [9].

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ANALYZE AND CHARACTERIZE THE MAIN FACTORS THAT INFLUENCE THE ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY OF THE PREMISES RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

TIMOSHENKO E. ^{1*}, *Cand. Sc. (Tech.)*

SAVYTSKYI M. V. ², *Dr. Sc. (Tech.), Prof.*

^{1*} Department of Ecology and Environmental Protection, State Higher Education Establishment "Pridneprovsk State Academy of Civil Engineering and Architecture", 24-A, Chernishevskogo str., Dnipropetrovsk 49600, Ukraine, tel. +38 (0562) 46-93-05, e-mail: timshenkelenas09121969@rambler.ru, ORCID ID: 0000-0003-3114-9820

² Department of Reinforce-Concrete and Stone Constructions, State Higher Education Establishment "Pridneprovsk State Academy of Civil Engineering and Architecture", 24-A, Chernishevskogo str., Dnipropetrovsk 49600, Ukraine, tel. +38 (0562) 47-02-98, ORCID ID: 0000-0003-4515-2457

Abstract. Purpose. Person is exposed to adverse factors, not only in the workplace, but also being in residential buildings. Modern person spends the main time indoors. Comfortable existence and human health is largely dependent on how internal living environment is environmentally safe and air quality control of dwelling is determinative in environmental safety of human's dwellings. It is necessary to analyze the range of external and internal factors influencing on the ecological safety of dwelling and evaluate them using the systematization of parameters and criteria proposed by various researchers. **Methodology.** On solving the problem of ecological safety of the dwelling focused specialists in various fields of science (toxicologists, hygienists, ecologists, architects, engineers, designers, and so on) it's necessary to join their knowledge and investigation with a purpose of one creation of one concept of the environmental safety of residential buildings. **Findings.** The analysis and characteristics of the main factors are carried out influencing the environmental safety of the premises of residential buildings, with an assessment of their impact on human health. Bioclimatic criteria for assessing the environmental factors are proposed affecting the ecological safety of homes. The chemical and physical sources of air pollution in residential buildings are analyzed. Priority ecological and hygienic parameters are identified determining the environmental safety of the living environment. **Practical value.** The result of this work to analyze the factors affecting the quality of the living environment inside buildings, can be used in the development of a unified method for integrated assessment of ecological safety of modern residential houses of harmonious construction materials and also in a creation of one concept of the environmental safety of residential buildings.

Keywords: *environmental safety, internal living environment, ecological and hygienic parameters, ecological house, air quality.*

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«Curve Expert».

MathCAD 14.

: (260...280 °),
(360...420 °).

(300...360 °),

CALCULATION OF OPTIMAL TEMPERATURE INTERVALS OF MATRIX AUSTEMPERING WITH NODULAR GRAPHITE CAST IRONS

UZLOV K. I. *, *Dr. Sc. (Tech.)*.*Materials science department, National metallurgical academy of Ukraine, prospect Gagarina, 4, 49600, Dnepropetrovsk, Ukraine, tel. +38 (097) 950-14-08, +38 (095) 416-97-70, e-mail: konst.uzlov@gmail.com, ORCID ID: 0000-0003-0744-9890

Abstract. Purpose. In austempering temperature range 260...420 °C of bainitic cast irons with nodular graphite (ADI) the changing of the behavior of functions of mechanical properties is observed adequately to the structural condition. Objective of present work was an investigation of temperature influence of isothermal holding on microstructure formation of metal matrix and mechanical properties of cast irons with nodular graphite specimens and to calculate the optimal temperature intervals of their matrix austempering. **Methodology.** Investigated globular graphite cast irons were thermally hardened by isothermal quenching on industrial equipment according to enterprise «Amsted-Rail» technology. Thermally treated samples were subject of metallographic analysis and mechanical tests according to standard methods. Mathematical processing carried out using the program «Excel 2003». Approximation of experimental data was done with software «Curve Expert». Further analysis of the model concerning the presence of extreme points and inflection points of the curve dependencies were realized using program «MathCAD 14». **Findings.** Temperature ranges of bainite structures forming in ADI metal matrix have been defined in the present work: lower bainite (260...280 °C), mixed bainite structure (300...360 °C), upper bainite (360...420 °C). Study of ADI mechanical properties demonstrated intense monotonous decreasing of ultimate tensile strengths in studied temperature range, naturally the opposite direction but identical regarding the behavior increased plastic properties and step – type, according to the structural condition, the nature of the changes in hardness. Consideration of the hardness functional dependence vs. austempering temperature obtained using experimental data approximation. Model analysis in terms of finding extreme points and inflection points was carried out. **Originality.** Mathematical processing of functional dependence of structurally sensitive properties (hardness) vs. austempering temperature determined the presence of point of corresponding polynomial curve inflection and its position. **Practical value.** Calculated quantitative values of ADI bainite matrix formation temperature intervals and appropriate behaviors of their products property, allow for forecasting prescribe industrial modes of thermal hardening for details of the specific conditions of operation.

Key words: *bainitic cast iron with nodular graphite, austempering, structural condition, mechanical properties, software, polynomial dependence, model analyses, industrial regimes of heat treatment*

[11; 14].

[15]

[2].
[13]

() 260...420 °C

320...360 °C

MathCAD 14

[9; 10].

900 °C.

260, 280, 300, 320,
340, 360, 380, 400, 420 °C

120

450 - 10

3925 [1].

(.1 -),

260...420 °C

« - »

[12].

(490),

(5639 [3],

3443 [4])

(260...300 °C)

«Neophot-2».

1497 [5]

(.1).

(380...420 °C)

«Instron».

9454 [6]

260...280 ,

PSW-5.

(.1).

5004

9012 [7].

300...360 °C

(.1).

«Microsoft Excel 2003»

2, 3, 4.

. 2,

8.381:2008 [8].

260 °C 984

1 534

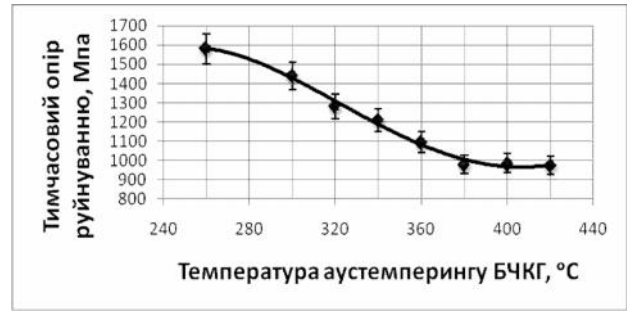
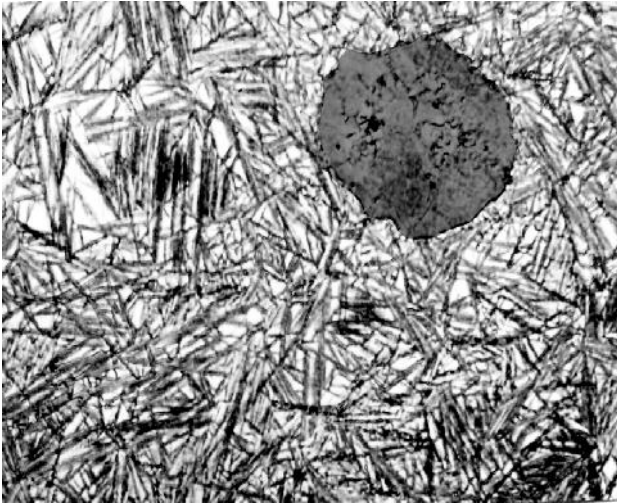
360 °C,

1,5 .

360...420 °C

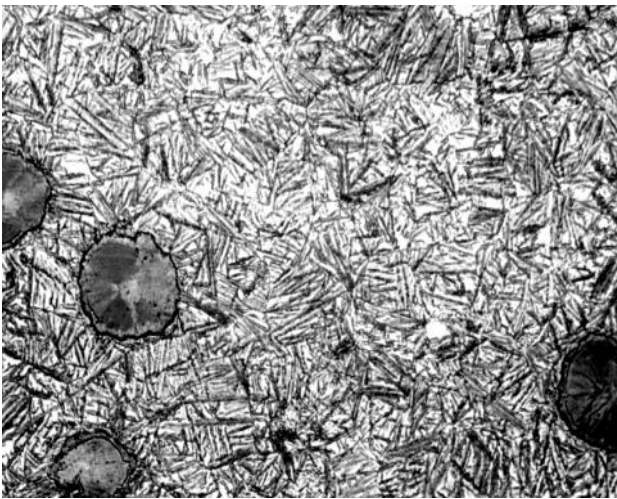
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984...953 .



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260...380 °С 10

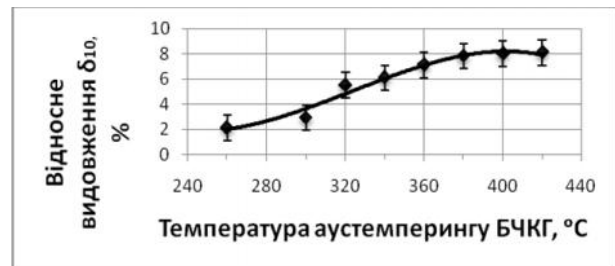


7,5 %.

380...420 °С

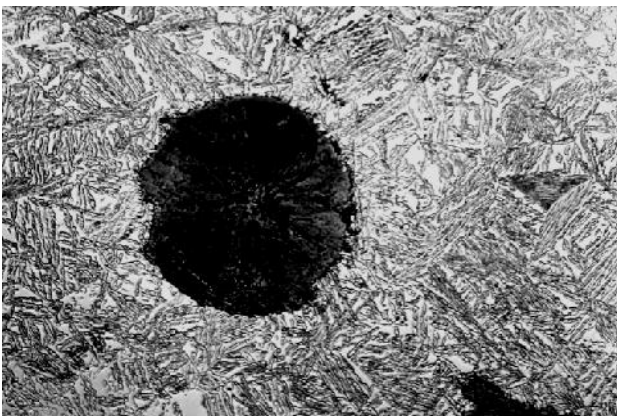
7,5...8,5 % (. 3),

(. 2).



.3.

ADI elongation vs. salt bath temperature



() 260 °С
320 °С (. 4)

486 (260 °С)

350 (320 °С).

320...380 °С

(. 4)

(350...329)

60 °С

21 ,

7 ,

(260...320 °С).

380 °

420 °С

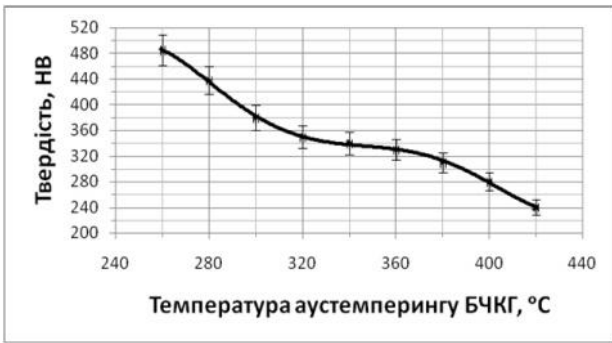
(. 4) 329

241

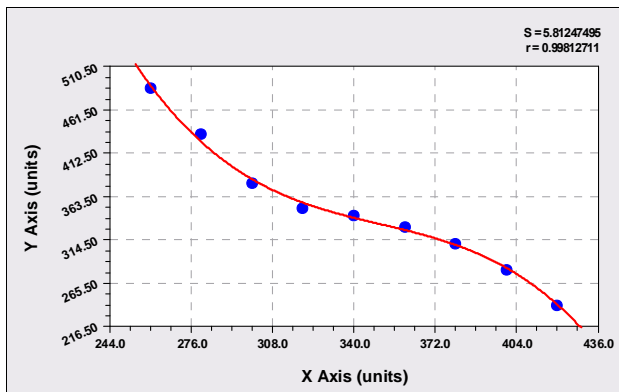
(. 1).

.1.

280 °
(×500), 320 ° (×250), 420 ° (×500)



. 4.



. 5.

(X-axis), (Y-axis)
Curve Expert

(. 4)

Curve Expert

MathCAD 14 (. 5).

3rd degree Polynomial Fit:

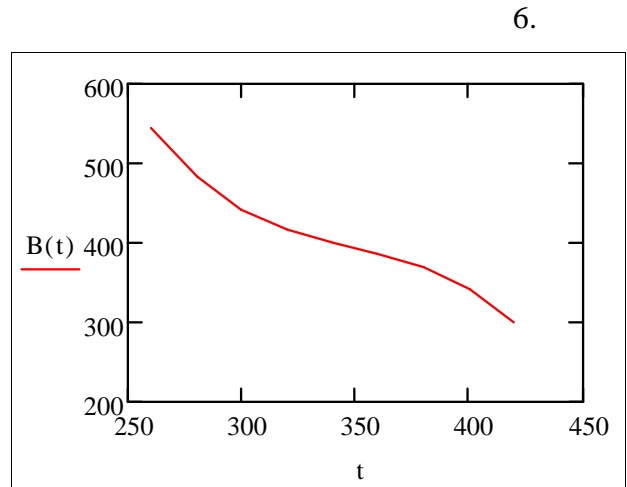
$$y = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3...$$

Coefficient Data:

- a = 6,14246028350E+003
- b = 4,84097046330E+001
- c = 1,36285924483E-001
- d = 1,29712080911E-004
- r = (0,9981).

$$B(t) = 6143 - 48,1 \cdot t + 1,36 \cdot 10^{-1} \cdot t^2 - 1,3 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot t^3$$

t: = 260, 280...420.



. 6.

«B(t)»

«t»,

MathCAD 14

:

$$(t) = (t):$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} B(t) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -3.744 \\ -2.516 \\ -1.6 \\ -0.996 \\ -0.704 \\ -0.724 \\ -1.056 \\ -1.7 \\ -2.656 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} B(t) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0.0692 \\ 0.0536 \\ 0.038 \\ 0.0224 \\ 0.0068 \\ -0.0088 \\ -0.0244 \\ -0.04 \\ -0.0556 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y(t) := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} B(t)$$

$$t := 340$$

2. «Root»,

soln := root (Y(t), t); soln = 348,718.

= 348,718 °C.

3.

~349 °C

~349 °C

0,998.

0,998.

4.

1.

1. 3925 – 99. – [. 2000–07–01]. – : 1999. – 25 . – : http://www.ukrndnc.org.ua/index.php?option=com_ushop&Itemid=69&grp=1054&pgrp=1063&lstdssu=1065
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* . . . , , , 31, , 03680, . +38 (044) 275-85-71, e-mail: vladland@gmail.com, ORCID ID: 0000-0002-9381-3283

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* . . . , , , 31, , 03146, . +38 (044) 275-85-71, e-mail: vladland@gmail.com, ORCID ID: 0000-0002-9381-3283

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Ray W. Clough

(Craig Jr. RR, Bampton M.)

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«VESNA-DYN»,

USE OF SPECTRAL SUPERELEMENTS IN DYNAMIC ANALYSIS OF “SOIL BASE - FOUNDATION - BUILDING” SYSTEMS

SAKHAROV V. O. *, *Ass. Prof., PhD.*

* Base and foundation department. Kyiv National University Construction and Architecture (KNUCA). 31, Povitroflotskiy avenue, Kyiv, 03680, Ukraine, tel: +38 (044) 275-85-71, e-mail: vladland@gmail.com, ORCID ID: 0000-0002-9381-3283

Summary. Problem statement. Modern analysis of the dynamic conduct of constructions and structures relies on numerical modeling. The difficulty and complexity of dynamic problem solving encourages model simplification and the use of more advanced numerical modeling algorithms. Many buildings are characterized by the presence of repetitive structural elements (e.g. typical floors). This feature can be used to improve the efficiency of numerical methods by reducing the size of the equation system while meeting the requirements of direct integration methods.

Purpose. The paper presents the theory and practical implementation of an improved technique for solving high-order dynamic problems using explicit methods and the help of spectral super-elements for selected substructures. This approach can reduce the order of the algebraic system and conduct dynamic (and thus - seismic) analysis of buildings and structures while taking into account nonlinear deformations of the soil foundation. **Analysis of recent research.** Modern methods and computer tools allow analysis of dynamic problems while taking into account nonlinear deformations. Such problems have systems of equations with millions of variables and require significant computational resources and time. To reduce the order of the system, commonly used approaches include dynamic reduction methods (e.g. Guyan reduction) or methods relying on reduced-order substructural models. In particular, a paper by Ray W. Clough suggests that the dynamic properties of FE have a higher level of approximation than mechanical properties. For buildings and structures, it is usually most convenient to use substructural models relying on eigenform-based motion representation, as proposed by Craig Jr. R.R., Bampton M. and other authors. However, the proposed options lead to a non-diagonal mass matrix and limit the effective use of explicit integration schemes. **Results.** The paper describes a method of use of superelement technology of solving tasks of dynamic for investigation of the interaction of buildings with the soil base. On the base Craig-Bampton approach, variant of getting reduction matrix for developed superelement of spectral is offered for taken subconstruction which is providing preservation diagonal mass matrix and allows the use of efficient explicit integration methods. The results of the study of a building interaction with a non-linear soil base under active seismic load are shown. Use an actual construction as an example, it is shown that the use

of spectral superelements reduced of the order of the equation system by a factor of more than 2.8 while maintaining the required accuracy of the calculation. **Conclusion.** The described method of solving dynamic problems, using the proposed spectral superelements, significantly reduces the order of the equation system while still allowing the use of explicit numerical integration schemes. This allows the more efficient dynamic analysis of the behavior of the “soil base - foundation - building” system.

Keywords: *finite element method, explicit method, spectral superelements, ASSR “VESNA-DYN”, high-rise buildings, “soil base – foundation – building” system.*

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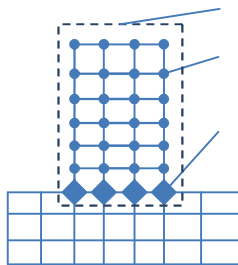
$$[\hat{M}] = [S]^T [M] [S] \tag{2}$$

(1),

$$[S] = \begin{bmatrix} [R_{ii}] & 0 \\ 0 & [E_{ee}] \end{bmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$[R_{ii}]$ –

[4]



. I.

[S]

$[R_{ii}]$. [S]

$[X_{ei}]$:

$$[S]^T = \begin{bmatrix} [R_{ii}] & 0 \\ [X_{ei}] & [E_{ee}] \end{bmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$[R_{ii}]$ –

$[X_{ei}]$ –

$[E_{ee}]$ –

[M] (1):

1.

2.

3.

$$[M]_{COV} = \begin{bmatrix} [M_{ii}]_{n_i \times n_i} & [0] \\ [0] & [M_{ee}]_{n_e \times n_e} \end{bmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$[M_{ii}]$ –

$[M_{ee}] -$

4.

$$[R]_{CON} = \begin{bmatrix} [R_{ii}] & [R_{ie}] \\ [R_{ei}] & [R_{ee}] \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

SES

7.

$[K]_{CON}$

$$[K]_{CON} = \begin{bmatrix} [K_{ii}] & [K_{ie}] \\ [K_{ei}] & [K_{ee}] \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

8.

$$[K]_{SES} = \begin{bmatrix} [R_{ii}] & [K_{ii}] & [R_{ii}]^T & [R_{ii}] & [K_{ie}] \\ & [K_{ei}] & [R_{ii}]^T & [K_{ee}] & \\ [R_{ii}] & [M_{ii}] & [R_{ii}]^T & [0] & [E_{ii}] \\ [0] & [0] & [M_{ee}] & [0] & [0] \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$[M]_{SES} = \begin{bmatrix} [R_{ii}] & [M_{ii}] & [R_{ii}]^T & [0] \\ [0] & [0] & [M_{ee}] & [0] \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} [E_{ii}] & [0] \\ [0] & [M_{ee}] \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

$[E_{ii}] -$

$[S]$

5.

$$([R_{ii}] - \omega^2[M_{ii}])\{u_i\} = 0 \quad (6)$$

6.

$k_2 > 0$

[6].
 $\mu_v = 0,3,$
 $\sigma = 0,6$ [2]. 125×108 56

[10].

1

		E_{def}		σ / σ_3	c		R_{ten}	e_0	E_v	μ_v
4		10	0,38	1,95	0,01	13	0,043	0,874	30	1,09
6		21	0,35	1,89	0,025	20	0,067	0,742	105	3,81
7		20	0,4	1,93	0,035	18	0,108	0,768	100	3,63
8		25	0,2	2,00	0,06	30	0,104	0,35	125	605,17
10		48	0,18	2,10	0,13	32	0,208	0,3	240	726,20
11		50	0,15	2,20	0,14	35	0,200	0,25	250	968,27
12		19	0,42	1,98	0,053	19	0,154	0,978	95	3,45

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$k_2 = 0.$

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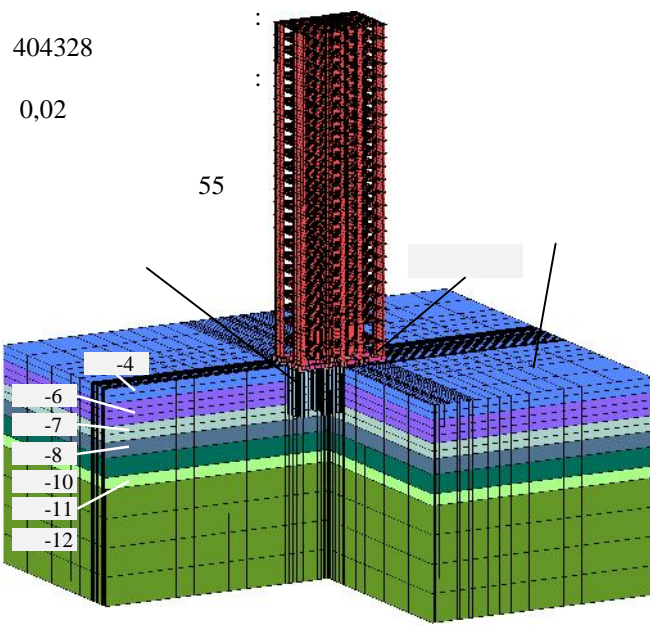
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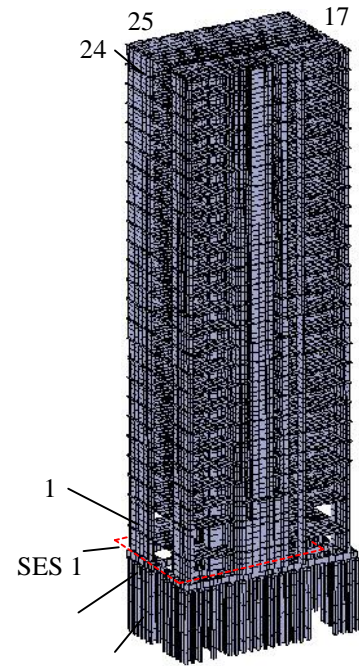
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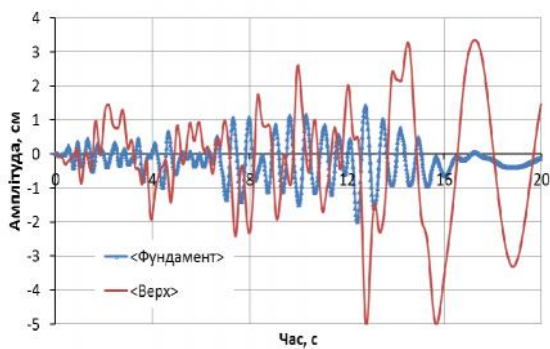
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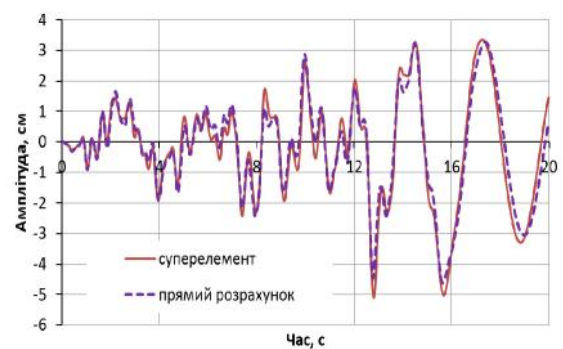
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SiO₂ – n – MgO – Al₂O₃ – (Na, K)₂O.

50,56 % Si₂; 14,9 % , 4,39 % MgO, 15,12 n : 1,7–10,5 % (Na,K)₂O, 8–10 % Al₂O₃, 2–3% FeO, 0,6–1,2% S²⁻.

1 300 (.%): 0,29–SiO₂, 1,34– , 0,55– MgO, 1,65– n . SiO₂

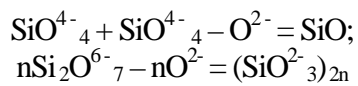
n – – SiO₂ [1; 2].

Si-Mn

[6-8]

SiO₂

nO/nSi,



[3].

[6; 8].

[6; 8],

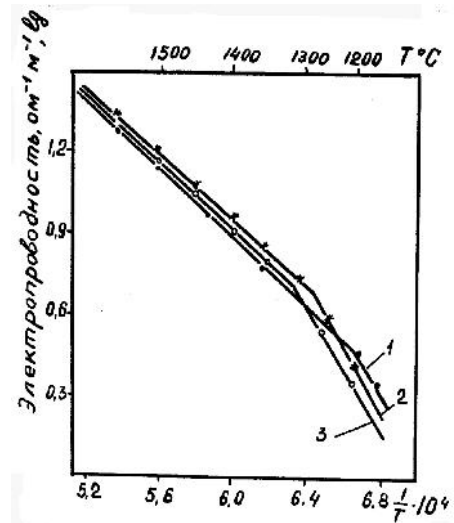
[6; 8] (.)

CaO-MnO-

SiO₂.

Si-Mn

1 200–1 300 ° ,



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$$M = \frac{eZ}{R} \quad (1)$$

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[6; 8].

[3;

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TiO_2

[8].

[4; 5]. MgO , FeO , Al_2O_3

a SiO_2 , P_2O_5 , TiO_2 [7].

1

°	/ ²	/ ³
1500	465	2820
1450	473	2910
1400	479	2920
1350	484	2980
20		3030

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29	600	65	0,2	0,0	99,8	96			

7 %

350—1500 / 3
1,5—30 .

Si-Mn

10-25 %

60°

40-60 %

90

60

/

1 500-1 250°

7,6 10-2 / 2
100°

4 %,

Si-Mn

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1 380-1 320° ,

Si-Mn -

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DYNAMIC DIAGNOSTICS OF BEARING CONSTRUCTION OF WIDE SPAN GANTRY – THE WAY TO PREVENT THE ACCIDENTS

MAKAROV A. V.*

* Design institute "Dneprproektstalkonstruksiya", prospectus Karla Marksa, 59- , Dnipropetrovsk 49000, Ukraine, tel. +38 (056) 7440071, e-mail: macandr@mail.ru, ORCID ID: 0000-0003-1610-5598

Summary. Raising of problem. In the Ukrainian mining and metallurgical complex, chemical and energy industries exploit the wide span gantry for loading and unloading of bulk materials. All the wide span gantry are installed outdoors and, in addition to the atmospheric precipitation, perceive more aggressive technological impact on primary production (water vapor cooling towers, towers quenching coking plant, lime, a pair of air from swelling slag et al.). Working amplitude of oscillations bearing structures of the wide span gantry loader when driving trucks with weighing hundreds of tons lead to fatigue damage - hence the high cost of time and money to remove them. In the literature by calculations and operation of wide span gantry it isn't consider the questions of research of dynamic loads with technological operations, the accurate definition of dynamic calculations of bearing metal and the possibility of the theoretical prediction their condition, the amplitude decay of oscillations and accelerate production of works with implementation of full-scale study. It's doing the expert survey with the frequency at least once every 2 years after the end of their service life time of the wide span gantry to determine further technical condition of the crane [9]. The problems in the assessment of aging equipment residual bind with the lack of efficacy of traditional methods of indestructible control. **Purpose.** On the basis of theoretical research, it will connect the frequency and the shape of the natural oscillations of the spatial model of steel structures wide span gantry with basic versions for possible damage. **Conclusion.** On the basis of creating a set of emergency wide span gantry you can make the atlas of damage of steel structures. It will allow to do the rapid analysis with changing of the oscillation frequency one of the form, following indication site and possible cause of damage to the main load-bearing steel structures.

Keywords: *accident of bearing structures, wide span gantry, vibration-based check, diagnostics, dynamics.*

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[1; 6; 14]).

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P_0 [10].

$$P(t) = P_0 \sin t$$

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$$\sim = \frac{A}{A}, \quad (1)$$

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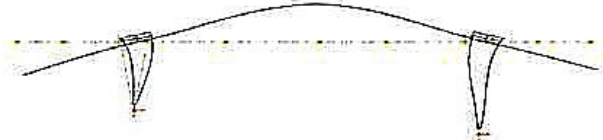
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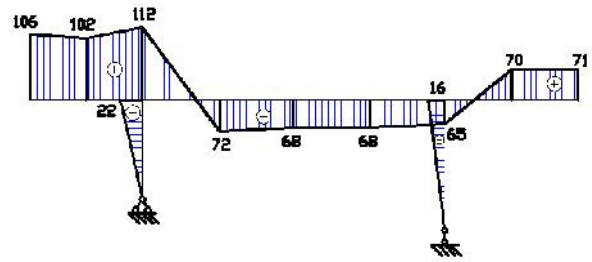
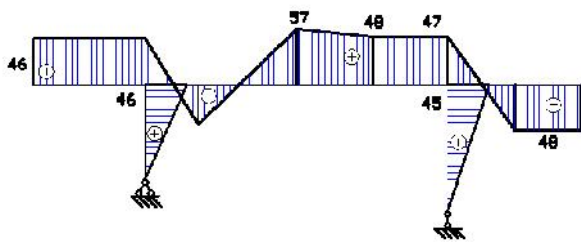
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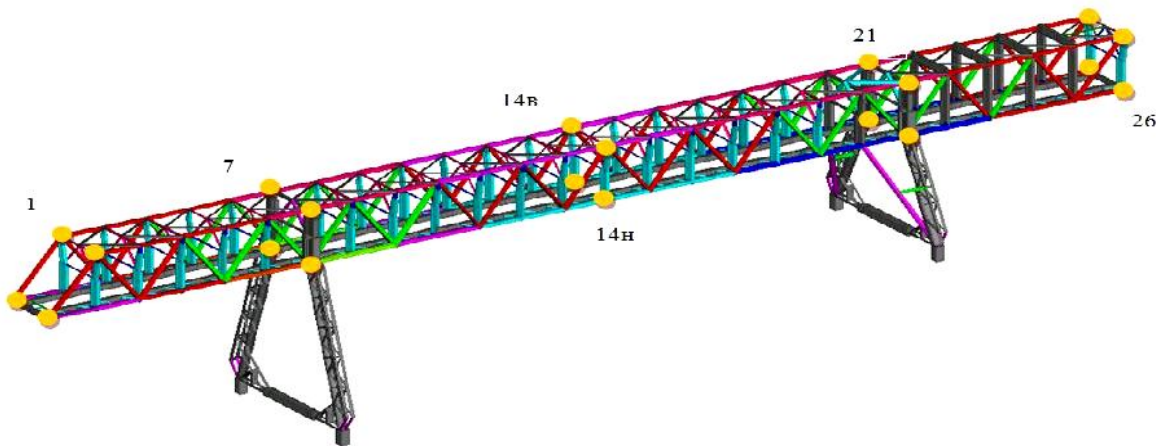
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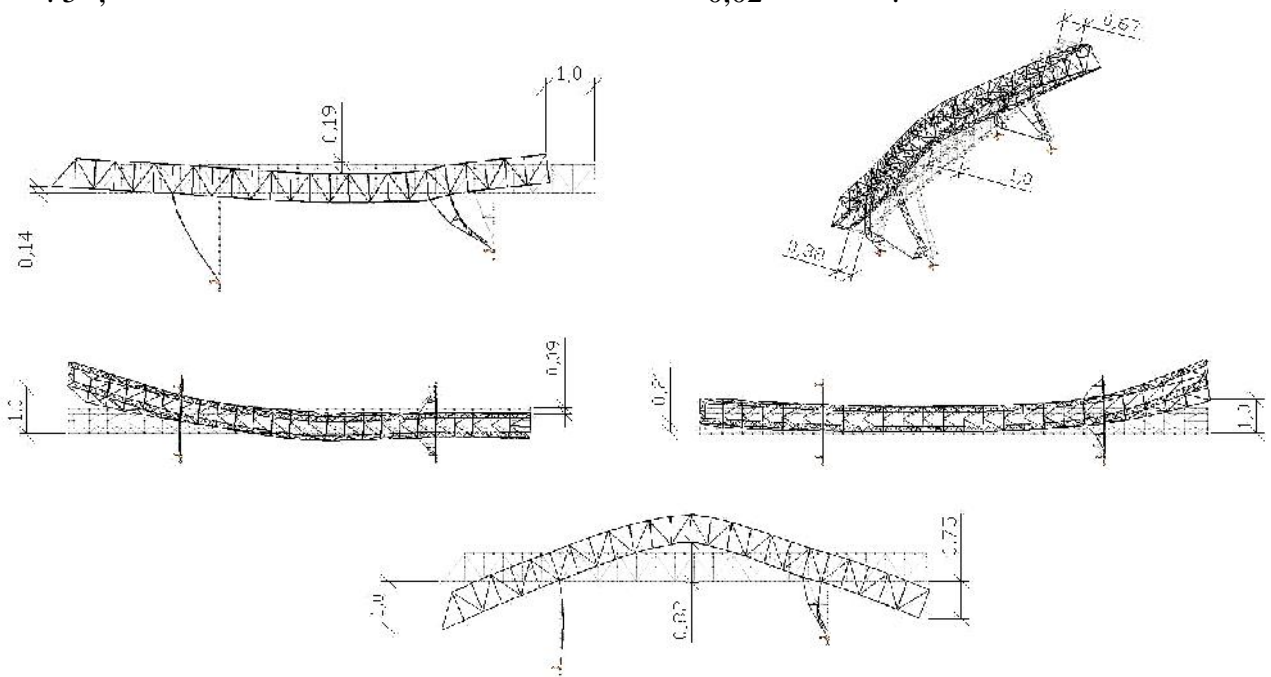
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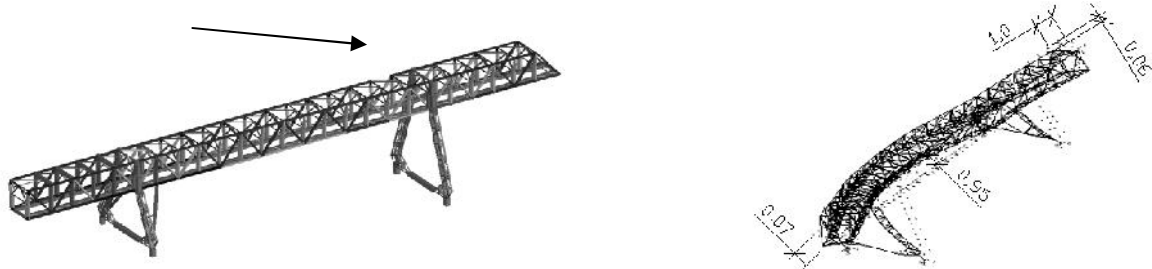
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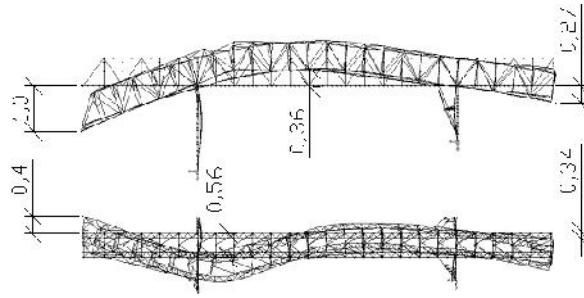
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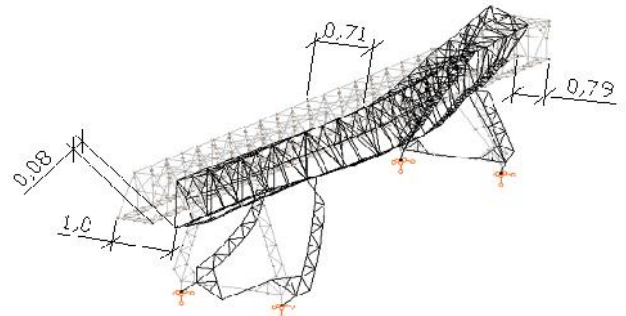
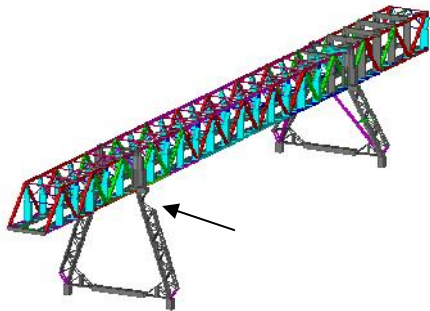




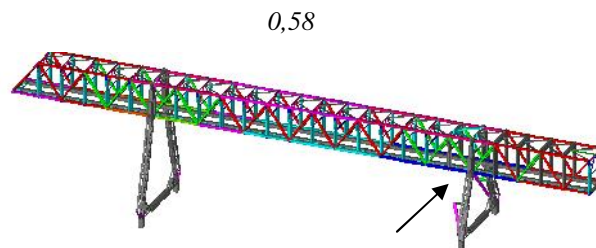
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FEATURES OF ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING ADAPTATION OF PROFITABLE HOUSES OF EKATERINOSLAV FOR MODERN CONDITIONS

TSIMBALOVA T.A. *, *ass.*

*Department of Design and architectural engineering, State Higher Education Establishment "Pridneprovsk State Academy of Civil Engineering and Architecture", 24-A, Chernishevskogo str., Dnipropetrovsk 49600, Ukraine, t.l. +38 (0562) 46-98-88, e-mail: zimbalo@ukr.net, ORCID ID:0000-0002-0854-0250

Summary. Problem statement. Since the second half of the eighteenth century in big cities of Europe, part of Ukraine entered into Russian Empire, the profitable houses were spread (housing to rent). Ekaterinoslav had become the biggest metallurgical center of monopoly by XX century, the highest population growth rates and mass construction of profitable houses was fixed.[3, 13]. Today these last profitable buildings make up more than 80 % of the historical buildings of Dnepropetrovsk. Nowadays the predominant part of profitable houses has the various combinatorics of residential and public functions. The use of them carry out on incidental chats , besides qualitative and quantitative indicators in the most cases with operating norms and rules are not reconciled. There is a necessity for realization of estimation of resources of profitable houses with the purpose of their further use, that was the reason for actuality of this article. **Aim.** Development of features of an architectural and planing adaptation of building of profitable houses with complex study of factors of their forming in the structure of historical block and in the context of classifications for modern terms. **Analyzing of the resent research.** Authors' studies devoted to profitable houses, legal aspects in history of profitable houses are considered [4], market formation mechanism of lease of property, with determination of the main tendencies of development with analysis of socio-economic conditions [7, 15],the main demands to re-equipment of profitable houses for modern conditions [6], the demand for housing of profitable houses[16], features of blocks of

historical buildings, restoration and adaptation of architectural monuments to modern functions [14] However, questions concerning the classification of the characteristics of town planning, functional and planning, structural, architectural, and other parameters were not shown. The creation of comparative and new classifications of buildings for development of ways of adaptations of profitable houses to modern conditions is expedient and according to this the theme the present article was determined. **Conclude.** On the basis of comparative analysis of historical and actual condition of buildings of profitable houses, the essential change on many classification positions of a study let to realize. Disparity of aged classification characteristics to modern building demands shown to dwelling surrounding are markers of further ways of profitable house use., New classifications of building of profitable houses were proposed, as well as adaptation variants to modern conjunctural directions in the context of the main architectural and town-planning and functional and planning classification parameters.

Keywords: *profitable houses, monuments of architecture of local importance, valuable historical building, restoration of monuments of architecture, classification, adaptation.*

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62 (53 %)	8	12,9	16	25,8	11	17,5	2	3,2
38 (32,5 %)	3	7,9	9	23,9	10	26,3	7	18,4
- 117 (10 %)	13	11,1	30	25,6	24	20,5	12	10,3

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- 26 (22,2 %)	2	24	11	10	5
- 33 (28 %)	10	23	21	3	9

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3. ... : i i i / [... , I. ... , I. ... , ... , ... , ...] – ... : .I. ... , ... ,I. ... , ... , ... , – ... : i, 2001. – 256 ..
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